NATIXIS INVESTMENT MANAGERS

THEMATICS

Thematics Europe Selection

FUND FACTSHEET

MARKETING COMMUNICATION - EXCLUSIVELY FOR PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS OR NON-PROFESSIONALS INVESTED IN THE FUND [1]

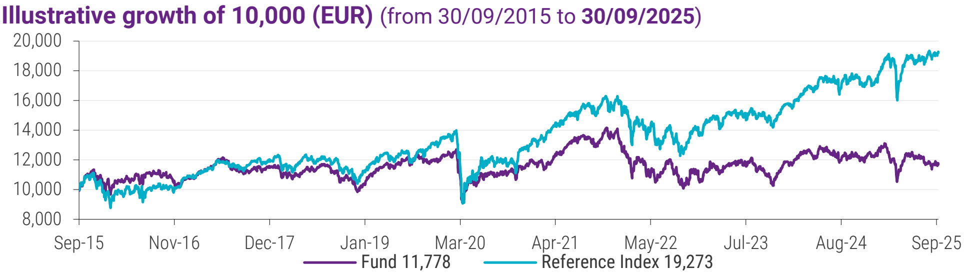
SHARE CLASS: I/C (EUR) - FR0010152967 — **September 2025**

Fund highlights

- An unconstrained and concentrated portfolio with a high active share relative to any major European/Euro equity index.
- Identifies companies with an attractive risk/return profile according to Thematics AM driven by secular trends.
- Includes Environmental, Social and Governance considerations for both the selection and the capital allocation processes.
- A PEA-eligible fund with 75% of net assets invested in companies domiciled in the European Economic Area.
- This product promotes environmental, social and governance characteristics but does not have as its objective a sustainable investment. It might invest partially in assets that have a sustainable objective, for instance qualified as sustainable according to the EU classification.
- Minimum proportion of taxonomy alignment: 0%
- Minimum proportion of sustainable investments: 30%
- SFDR Classification : Art. 8

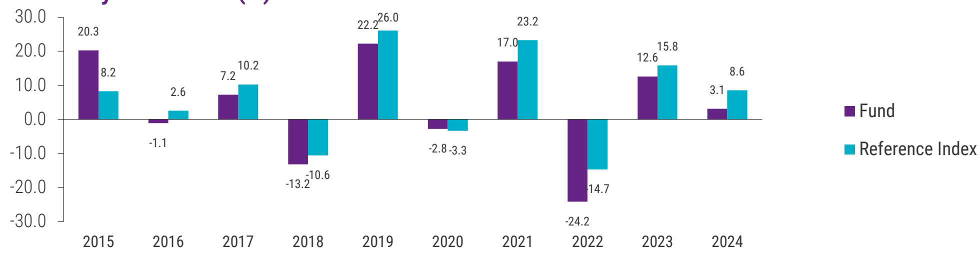
PERFORMANCE DATA SHOWN REPRESENTS PAST PERFORMANCE AND IS NOT A GUARANTEE OF FUTURE RESULTS.

Illustrative growth of 10,000 (EUR) (from 30/09/2015 to 30/09/2025)



Benchmark before 07/30/2021: MSCI EUROPE DNR €. From 30/07/2021 to 03/10/2022: EURO STOXX (C) TR €. Since 03/10/2022: MSCI EUROPE DNR €.

Calendar year returns (%)



TOTAL RETURNS (%)	Fund	Reference Index
1 month	1.65	1.59
3 months	-3.34	3.51
Year to date	-3.81	12.36
1 year	-5.03	9.31
3 years	12.92	54.82
5 years	5.59	64.53
10 years	17.78	92.73
Since inception	1,742.22	-

RISK MEASURES	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Fund Standard Deviation (%)	15.92	14.38	16.03	14.99
Reference Index Standard Deviation (%)	15.28	12.80	15.68	16.40
Tracking Error (%)	7.89	7.10	7.90	7.92
Fund Sharpe Ratio*	-0.48	0.08	-0.03	0.07
Reference Index Sharpe Ratio*	0.44	0.99	0.56	0.38
Information Ratio	-1.82	-1.63	-1.19	-0.65
Alpha (%)	-12.02	-10.33	-7.77	-3.51
Beta	0.91	0.98	0.90	0.80
R-Squared	0.76	0.76	0.77	0.77

** Risk free rate: performance over the period of capitalised EONIA chained with capitalised €STR since 30/06/2021.Data calculated on a weekly basis.*

ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%) (Month end)	Fund	Reference Index
3 years	4.13	15.68
5 years	1.09	10.47
10 years	1.65	6.78
Since inception	7.50	-

References to a ranking, prize or label do not anticipate the future results of the latter, or of the fund, or of the manager.

ABOUT THE FUND

Investment objective
The FCP objective is to outperform the Reference Index over the minimum recommended investment period.

Overall Morningstar rating ™
-

Morningstar category ™
Europe Flex-Cap Equity

Reference Index
MSCI EUROPE NET TR EUR INDEX

The reference index does not intend to be consistent with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the fund.

FUND CHARACTERISTICS

Classification AMF	International Equities
Legal structure	French mutual fund (FCP)
Share class inception	24/06/1985
Valuation frequency	Daily
Custodian	CACEIS BANK
Currency	EUR
Cut off time	13:30 CET D
AuM	EURm 577.1
Recommended investment period	> 5 years
Investor type	Institutional

AVAILABLE SHARE CLASSES

Share class	ISIN	Bloomberg
I/C (EUR)	FR0010152967	AACSII FP

RISK PROFILE

Lower risk — Higher risk

1 2 3 **4** 5 6 7

The category of the summary risk indicator is based on historical data.

Due to its exposure to equity markets, the Fund may experience significant volatility, as expressed by its rank on the above scale.

The Fund investment policy exposes it primarily to the following risks:

- Risk of capital loss
- Counterparty risk
- Credit risk
- Risk of securities issued by emerging countries
- Equity securities
- Exchange Rates
- Interest rate risk
- Small and mid cap risk
- Risk related to temporary sales and repurchases of securities and the management of financial guarantees
- Real Estate Securities and REITs

The Fund is subject to sustainability risks.

For more information, please refer to the section detailing specific risks at the end of this document.

Some recent performance may be lower or higher. As the value of the capital and the returns change over time (notably due to currency fluctuations), the repurchase price of the shares can be higher or lower than their initial price. The performance indicated is based on the NAV (net asset value) of the share class, and is net of all charges applying to the fund but does not account for sale commissions, taxation or paying agent fees, and assumes that dividends if any are reinvested. Taking such fees or commissions into account would lower the returns. The performance of other share classes would be higher or lower based on the differences between the fees and the entry charges. In the periods where certain share classes are not subscribed or not yet created (inactive share classes), performance is calculated based on the actual performance of an active share class of the fund whose characteristics are considered by the management company as being closest to the inactive share class concerned, after adjusting it for the differences between the total expense ratios (TER), and converting any net asset value of the active share class in the currency in which the inactive share class is listed. The performance given for the inactive share class is the result of a calculation provided for information.

Please read the important information given in the additional notes at the end of this document.

[1] Please refer to the prospectus of the fund and to the KID before making any final investment decisions.

Thematics Europe Selection

Portfolio analysis as of 30/09/2025

ASSET ALLOCATION (%)	Fund
Equities	99.0
Cash	1.0
Total	**100.0**

in % of AuM

MAIN ISSUERS (%)	Fund
WOLTERS KLUWER NV	5.2
ESSILORLUXOTTICA SA	4.9
ASML HOLDING NV	4.7
ASM INTERNATIONAL NV	3.4
ELASTIC NV	3.3
HALMA PLC	3.3
NVENT ELECTRIC PLC	3.3
SIEMENS HEALTHINEERS AG	3.2
VEOLIA ENVIRONNEMENT SA	3.2
SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC SE	3.1
Total	**37.7**
Number of issuers per portfolio	**41**

CAPITALIZATION BREAKDOWN (%)	Fund	Reference Index
< USD 2 Bln	2.2	-
USD 2 to 10 Bln	21.4	3.5
USD 10 to 100 Bln	60.6	51.9
> USD 100 Bln	14.8	44.6
Cash & cash equivalent	1.0	-

in % of AuM

SECTOR BREAKDOWN (%)	Fund	Reference Index
Health Care	28.8	13.2
Industrials	23.1	19.6
Information Technology	19.5	7.4
Materials	5.7	5.4
Utilities	5.6	4.3
Financials	5.3	23.7
Communication Services	4.5	4.0
Consumer Staples	4.2	9.3
Consumer Discretionary	2.2	8.1
Energy	-	4.2
Real Estate	-	0.8
Cash & cash equivalent	1.0	-

MSCI Breakdown

BREAKDOWN BY GEOGRAPHICAL ZONE (%)	Fund	Reference Index
European Economic Area	78.0	63.1
Other Countries	21.0	36.9
Cash & cash equivalent	1.0	-

Source : Natixis Investment Managers Operating Services unless otherwise indicated

Due to active management, portfolio characteristics are subject to change. References to specific securities or industries should not be considered a recommendation.

FEES

All-in-Fee	1.45%
Max. sales charge	0.00%
Max. redemption charge	0.00%
Performance fees	0.00%
Minimum investment	50,000 EUR or equivalent
NAV (30/09/2025)	311,993.94 EUR
Last dividend as of 30/03/1989	834.20 EUR

The All-in fee represents the sum of Management fees and Administration fees. For further details, please refer to the definition at the end of the document.

MANAGEMENT

Management company
NATIXIS INVESTMENT MANAGERS INTERNATIONAL

Investment manager
THEMATICS ASSET MANAGEMENT

Thematics Asset Management is a dedicated equity investor in innovative thematic strategies including Artificial Intelligence & Robotics, Safety, Subscription Economy, Water and Health. It invests in a collection of markets that have the potential to grow at a rate superior to that of the broader global economy due to the long-term secular growth drivers that underpin them. It integrates ESG principles in its portfolio construction process.

Headquarters	Paris
Founded	2019
Assets Under Management (Billion)	USD 3.8 / EUR 3.3 (30/06/2025)

Portfolio managers

Karen Kharmandarian: began investment career in 1994; joined Thematics AM in 2019; has launched and managed a Robotics strategy starting in 2015; Post-graduate degree in Economics, La Sorbonne, Paris, France & Institut d'Etudes Politiques, Paris, France.

Nolan Hoffmeyer, CFA: began investment career in 2012; joined Thematics in 2019; has managed a thematic strategy since 2012; MSc Finance, HEC, Lausanne, Switzerland.

Alexis Heim de Balsac, CFA : joined Thematics in 2022. Master in Management - ESSEC Grande Ecole , 2022.

INFORMATION

Prospectus enquiries
E-mail: ClientServicingAM@natixis.com

Thematics Europe Selection

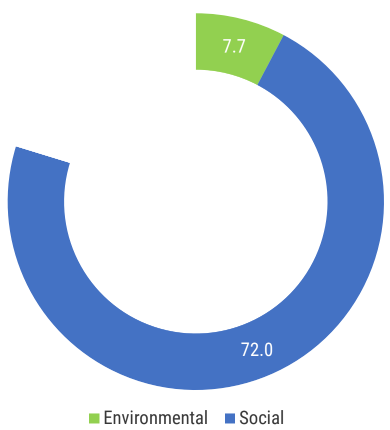
Fund sustainability report as of 30/09/2025

ESG Strategy

To promote ESG characteristics, the Fund: uses a proprietary ESG assessment which relies, amongst others, on the ESG score of the securities; applies exclusion criteria including inter alia, activity-based and behaviour-based exclusions; an internally defined ESG engagement process; and systematic exercise of voting rights based on sustainability principles. In addition, the Fund has a partial sustainable investment objective to contribute to: the universal provision of clean and safe water, water pollution prevention and control, and sustainable use and protection of all water resources; help improve safety standards and/or reduce risks in many aspects of everyday life, such as food production, mobility, living, working, and real and digital economic participation; foster healthy living and promote wellbeing for all at all ages; resource use optimization and circular economy, sustainable manufacturing, enabling workers' health and safety, and improved healthcare quality and access; promote healthy living and overall wellbeing, and enhance social and economic inclusion. Contribution to the Fund's sustainable investment objective is assessed based on a proprietary sustainable thematic screening process.

- Sustainable Thematic Screening
- Product-based Exclusion
- Behaviour-based Assessment
- ESG Integration
- Active Ownership

Partial Sustainable Investments (%)



Environmental or Social Objectives	Associated SDGs
Contribute to water pollution prevention and the global, sustainable use and protection of all water resources	
Contribute to resource use optimisation, sustainable manufacturing, and circular economy	
Contribute globally to the universal provision of clean and safe water and in water pollution control	
Help improve safety standards and/or reduce risks in many aspects including food production, mobility, living, working, and economic participation	
Enable workers' health and safety and improved healthcare quality and access	
Promote healthy living and overall wellbeing, and enhance social and economic inclusion	
Foster healthy living and promote wellbeing for all at all ages	

Minimum SI Commitment: 30%

Actual SI Achieved: 79.7%

Source: Thematics AM.

Select Principal Adverse Impact and Other Sustainability Indicators

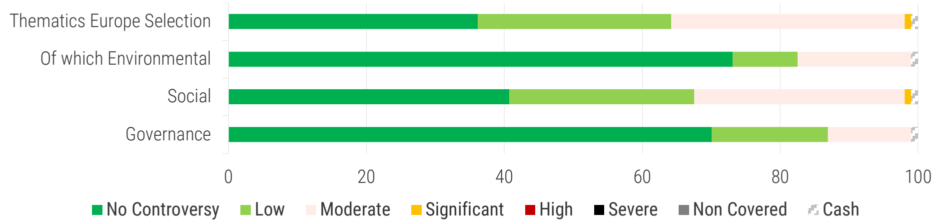
Product-based Exclusion

	Fund	Universe	
Breach of UNGC Principles & OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0%	0%	Source: Sustainalytics. Coverage: 100%.
Exposure to Controversial Weapons	0%	8.27%	Source: Sustainalytics. Coverage: 100%.
Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	0%	5.76%	Source: Sustainalytics. Coverage: 100%.

ESG Integration

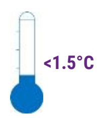
	Fund	Universe	
Board Gender Diversity (%age of women)	43.49%	40.07%	Source: MSCI. Coverage: 100%.
Carbon Footprint - Scope 1&2 (tCO_2e/\$m invested)	27.95	35.72	Source: Trucost. Coverage: 99%.
WACI - Scope 1&2 (tCO_2e/\$m revenues)	43.25	55.39	Source: Trucost. Coverage: 99%.
Lack of processes to monitor compliance with UNGCP and OECD Guidelines for MNEs	43.55%	21.81%	Source: Sustainalytics. Coverage: 99%.

Exposure to controversies (% AUM of the Fund)



Source: Thematics AM, Sustainalytics.

Implied Temperature Rise



Source: Thematics AM, S&P Trucost.

Sustainable Investments

As defined in the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (EU SFDR), ‘sustainable investment’ means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental objective, […] or an investment in an economic activity that contributes to a social objective […] provided that such investments do not significantly harm any of those objectives and that the investee companies follow good governance practices, […]. Thematics AM has built its proprietary thematic screening framework, which defines the themes (within its thematic investing focus and scope) that it qualifies as contributing to environmental and social objectives, as well as the methodology to quantify these objectives. This framework defines the environmental or social objectives at the subsegment level of each thematic Fund. Consequently, the percentage of sustainable investments is calculated at subsegment level, where assets comprising the subsegment that are defined as contributing to an environmental or social objectives represent the Fund’s contributions. Details of this screening framework is detailed in our Thematic Screening Policy, available here.

Select Principal Adverse Impact and Other Sustainability Indicators

Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) indicators are a set of metrics that intend to show how certain business investments affect the environment and broader community. PAIs measure sustainability risks. The EU SFDR reporting requires the disclosure of PAI indicators, which are divided into “mandatory indicators” and “additional indicators”. Thematics AM reports on selected PAI considered the most material and with credible available data from third-party (Sustainalytics).

Controversies

The Controversies chart plots the percentage of the Fund’s assets under management exposed to incidents that have negative environmental, social, and governance implications in a 5-scale impact level, from 0 (Low impact) to 5 (Severe impact). The data is sourced from Sustainalytics Controversies Research, which monitors and screens published controversial news stories involving companies on a daily basis across global platforms. The analyses focus on material ESG pillars, including Environmental supply chain, Social incidents, and Business ethics, among others. The highest level of controversy is attributed to a company in case it is subject to several controversies. The numbers presented are the most up to date available at the time of the report.

Implied Temperature Rise

The implied temperature rise metric measures the alignment of a company with a given climate scenario defined by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change or the International Energy Agency. These data are reported or assessed by S&P Trucost.

Calculation of performance during periods of share class inactivity (if applicable)

For periods when certain share classes were unsubscribed or not yet created (the "inactive share classes"), performance is imputed using the actual performance of the fund's active share class which has been determined by the management company as having the closest characteristics to such inactive share class and adjusting it based on the difference in TERs and, where applicable, converting the net asset value of the active share class into the currency of quotation of the inactive share class. The quoted performance for such inactive share class is the result of an indicative calculation.

Illustrative Growth of 10,000

The graph compares the growth of 10, 000 in a fund with that of an index. The total returns are not adjusted to reflect sales charges or the effects of taxation, but are adjusted to reflect actual ongoing fund expenses, and assume reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. If adjusted, sales charges would reduce the performance quoted. The index is an unmanaged portfolio of specified securities and cannot be invested in directly. The index does not reflect any initial or ongoing expenses. A fund's portfolio may differ significantly from the securities in the index. The index is chosen by the fund manager.

Risk Measures

The "Summary Risk Indicator" (SRI), as defined by the PRIIPs regulation, is a risk measure based on both market risk and credit risk. It is based on the assumption that you stay invested in the fund for the recommended holding period. It is calculated periodically and may change over time. The indicator is presented on a numerical scale from 1(the lowest risk) to 7 (the highest risk).

The risk measures below are calculated for funds with at least a three-year history.

Standard deviation is a statistical measure of the volatility of the fund's returns.

Tracking Error is reported as a standard deviation percentage difference between the performance of the portfolio and the performance of the reference index. The lower the Tracking Error, the more the fund performance resembles to the performance of its reference index.

The Sharpe ratio uses standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk.

The Information Ratio is the difference between the fund's average annualized performance and the reference index divided by the standard deviation of the Tracking Error. The information ratio measures the portfolio manager's ability to generate excess returns relative to the reference index.

Alpha measures the difference between a fund's actual returns and its expected performance, given its level of risk (as measured by beta). Alpha is often seen as a measure of the value added or subtracted by a portfolio manager.

Beta is a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements. A portfolio with a beta greater than 1 is more volatile than the market, and a portfolio with a beta less than 1 is less volatile than the market.

R-squared reflects the percentage of a fund's movements that are explained by movements in its benchmark index, showing the degree of correlation between the fund and the benchmark. This figure is also helpful in assessing how likely it is that alpha and beta are statistically significant.

Morningstar Rating and Category

 The information, data, analyses and opinions ("Information") contained herein (1) include Morningstar's confidential and proprietary information (2) may not be copied or redistributed, (3) do not constitute investment advice (4) are provided solely for informational purposes (5) are not warranted to be complete, accurate or timely and (6) are drawn from fund data published on various dates. The information is provided to you at your own risk. Morningstar is not responsible for any trading decisions, damages or other losses related to the Information or its use. Please verify all of the Information before using it and don't make any investment decision except upon the advice of a professional financial adviser. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The value and income derived from investments can go up or down. The Morningstar rating applies to funds having at least 3 years of history. It takes into account subscription fee, the yield without risk and the standard deviation to calculate for every fund its ratio MRAR (Morningstar Risk Adjust Return). Funds are then classified in decreasing order by MRAR: first 10 per cent receive 5 stars, the following 22.5 % 4 stars, the following 35 % 3 stars, following 22.5 % 2 stars, the last 10 % receive 1 star. Funds are classified within 180 European categories.

Reference Index

The Sub-Fund is actively managed. The Reference Index is used for comparison purposes only. The Delegated Investment Manager remains free to choose the securities that make up the portfolio in accordance with the Sub-Fund's investment policy.

Asset allocation

Cash offset for Derivatives represents the amount of cash the portfolio manager should borrow if he's Long exposed via derivatives and vice versa. The weighting of the portfolio in various asset classes, including "Other," is shown in this table. "Other" includes security types that are not neatly classified in the other asset classes, such as convertible bonds and preferred stocks. In the table, allocation to the classes is shown for long positions, short positions, and net (long positions net of short) positions. These statistics summarize what the managers are buying and how they are positioning the portfolio. When short positions are captured in these portfolio statistics, investors get a more robust description of the funds' exposure and risk.

Fund Charges: The "All-in Fee" is defined as the aggregate of Management Fees and Administration Fees paid annually by each Sub-Fund, other than taxes (such as "Taxe d'abonnement") and expenses relating to the creation or liquidation of any SubFund or Share Class; the All in Fee shall not exceed such percentage of each Sub-Fund's average daily net asset value as indicated in each Sub-Fund's description under "Characteristics." The All-in Fee paid by each Share Class, as indicated in each Sub-Fund's description, does not necessarily include all the expenses linked to the FCP's investments (such as the taxe d'abonnement, brokerage fees, expenses linked to withholding tax reclaims) that are paid by such FCP. Unless otherwise provided for in any Sub-Fund's description, if the yearly actual expenses paid by any Sub-Fund exceed the applicable All-in Fee, the Management Company will support the difference and the corresponding income will be recorded under Management Company fees in the FCP's audited annual report. If the yearly actual expenses paid by each Sub-Fund are lower than the applicable All-in Fee, the Management Company will keep the difference and the corresponding charge will be recorded under Management Company fees in the FCP's audited annual report.

Equity Portfolio Statistics (if applicable)

The referenced data elements below are a weighted average of the long equity holdings in the portfolio. The Price/Earnings ratio is a weighted average of the price/earnings ratios of the stocks in the underlying fund's portfolio. The P/E ratio of a stock is calculated by dividing the current price of the stock by its trailing 12-months' earnings per share. The Price/Cash Flow ratio is a weighted average of the price/cash-flow ratios of the stocks in a fund's portfolio. Price/ cashflow shows the ability of a business to generate cash and acts as a gauge of liquidity and solvency. The Price/Book ratio is a weighted average of the price/book ratios of all the stocks in the underlying fund's portfolio. The P/B ratio of a company is calculated by dividing the market price of its stock by the company's per-share book value. Stocks with negative book values are excluded from this calculation. Dividend Yield is the rate of return on an investment expressed as a percent. Yield is calculated by dividing the amount you receive annually in dividends or interest by the amount you spent to buy the investment.

Fixed-Income Portfolio Statistics (if applicable)

The referenced data elements below are a weighted average of the long fixed income holdings in the portfolio. Duration measures the sensitivity of a fixed income security's price to changes in interest rates. Average maturity is a weighted average of all the maturities of the bonds in a portfolio, computed by weighting each maturity date by the market value of the security. Modified Duration is inversely related to percentage change in price on an average for a specific change in yield. The average coupon corresponds to the individual coupon of each bond in the portfolio, weighted by the nominal amount of these very same securities. The average coupon is calculated only on fixed rate bonds. The Yield to maturity (YTM) reflects the total return of a bond, if the bond is held until maturity, considering all the payments are reinvested at the same rate. This indicator can be calculated at the portfolio level, by weighting the individual YTM by the market value of each bond.

Labels

SRI Label: Created by the French Ministry of Finance in early 2016, with the support of Asset Management professionals, this public Label aims at giving Sustainable Responsible Investment (SRI) management an extra visibility with savers. It will make to easier for investors to identify financial products integrating Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) criteria into their investment process. To qualify for certification, funds must satisfy several requirements, including: - Transparency vis-à-vis investors (in terms of investment objectives and process, analysis, portfolio holdings, etc.), - Use of ESG criteria in investment decision making, - Long-term approach to investing, - Consistent voting and engagement policy, - Measured and reported positive impacts. More information on www.lelabelisr.fr

Special Risk Considerations

Risk of capital loss: the net asset value is likely to fluctuate widely because of the financial instruments that make up the Fund's portfolio. Under these conditions, the invested capital may not be fully returned, including for an investment made over the recommended investment period.

Counterparty risk: The Fund uses over-the-counter derivatives and/or temporary sales and repurchases of securities. These transactions, undertaken with one or more eligible counterparties, potentially expose the Fund to the risk that one of its counterparties could fail, which could lead to a default in payment.

Credit risk: (the risk of the fund's net asset value falling due to an increase in the yield spreads of private issues in the portfolio, or even a default on an issue), as certain alternative management strategies (interest rate arbitrage, distressed securities, convertible arbitrage and global macro in particular) may be exposed to credit. Increases in the yield spreads of private issues in the portfolio, or even a default on an issue, may cause the fund's net asset value to fall.

Risk of securities issued by emerging countries: securities issued by emerging countries may be difficult to trade or even temporarily impossible to trade because of a lack of exchanges on the market or because of regulatory restrictions; consequently, should the Fund hold these securities, it could lead to derogations from the normal operation of the Fund, in accordance with the Fund's regulations and if the interest of investors so demands. Furthermore, since drops in the market may be more marked and faster than in developed countries, the net asset value may fall further and more quickly.

Equity securities: Equity securities are volatile and can decline significantly in response to broad market and economic conditions.

Exchange Rates: Some Funds are invested in currencies other than their reference currency. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of those securities held by such Sub-Funds. For unhedged Share Classes denominated in currencies different than the Fund's currency, exchange rate fluctuations can generate additional volatility at the Share Class level.

Interest rate risk: as certain alternative management strategies (interest rate arbitrage, futures funds, and global macro) may have either a positive or negative exposure to interest rates. These exposures may cause the fund's net asset value to fall in line with changes in the interest rate markets. However, this risk is limited through strategies which are not tied to the main interest rate markets.

Small and mid cap risk: This is characterised by two main risks: First, a liquidity risk on the securities due to a low market depth associated with the small capitalisation of these companies. In fact, purchases/sales might not be made at the best price within the usual timeframe. Second, there may be fewer financial disclosure requirements for small and mid-cap companies than for large-cap companies. This may have an impact on the analyses carried out on these securities. The realisation of such risks may bring about a decline in net asset value.

Risk related to temporary sales and repurchases of securities and the management of financial guarantees: temporary sales and repurchases of securities are likely to create risks for the Fund, such as counterparty risk defined above. The management of guarantees may create risks for the Fund, such as liquidity risk (i.e., the risk that a security received as collateral is not sufficiently liquid and cannot be sold quickly if the counterparty defaults) and, where applicable, the risks associated with the re-use of cash deposited as collateral (i.e., mainly the risk that the Fund cannot repay the counterparty).

Real Estate Securities and REITs: Some Funds may invest in equity securities of companies linked to the real estate industry or publicly traded securities of closed-ended Real Estate Investment Trusts (REIT's). REITs are companies that acquire and/or develop real property for long term investment purposes. They invest the majority of their assets directly in real property and derive their income primarily from rents.

Sustainability risk: The Fund is subject to sustainability risks as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) by environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment. More information on the framework related to the incorporation of sustainability risks can be found on the website of the Management Company and the Delegated Investment Manager.

Please refer to the full prospectus, for additional details on risks.